

DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

JOHN S. SAYWARD, Editor.

MONDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1841.

Meeting of Congress.

The second session of the twenty-seventh Congress commences this day. As there are Speaker, or other officers to be chosen, and great certainty of a quorum being present, the President's Message will probably be delivered to-morrow, at two o'clock, and reach this city, on Saturday morning next: We have already had an inkling of the probable fiscal plan of the President, and with regard to this as all other measures of the administration, it becomes the lovers and fast friends of our republican institutions, to examine with candor, approve where consistent with the high duties the government owes the people, and condemn only where stern and inflexible necessity shall demand. This is the more important now, since the common effort of a general up roar by interested demagogues in the opposition to cry down all the legislation of Congress, and to create widespread dissatisfaction for party purposes, and personal ends, instead of the good of the country, or the prosperity and happiness of the people.

It is clear enough that the National Treasury is less than the general business of the country, and the inequality of duties between this and foreign countries, demand a revision of the tariff. And yet this subject has been found a fruitful one for reckless, and selfish demagogues to harp upon before the people, making use of the fine spun, but faulty arguments of the British, but which that nation never applies to practice, but continually runs into an opposite extreme. How important, then, that the great body of the intelligent and honest hearted republicans of our country, should feel a deep interest in the country, and less interest for the success of mere political demagogues—How important that they should demand of the public press, reasons, and facts, instead of declamation and appeals to the passions. How important that the legislation of the country should be calmly conducted and heartily sustained. How important that the country, and not mere party, should be the motives to political action. How important that every well disposed man should sustain the great pillars of our industry, our peace, our prosperity, happiness, and liberty and honor, when so many are disposed to tear down and demolish that they may riot and blot upon the spoils.

We shall endeavor to observe closely the proceedings of Congress, and to keep our readers informed of all matters of interest as they transpire, in the hope of being in some measure instrumental in aiding the great interest of the country, and the people.

From Texas—Wholesale Tragedy—Lynch Law—Last of the Yoakum Gang.

The last Natchitoches Herald gives an account of the arrest by a party of citizens of Jefferson

county, Texas, of a man named Yoakum, whom they immediately shot. The cause of their doing so was, that they have long suffered from the outrages of this man and his gang and from their numbers and total recklessness of character, it seemed impossible to arrest their injuries by the hand of civil power. Cattle had been stolen, robberies committed, and citizens insulted and murdered; but still, whenever any were arrested on the charge, the gang came forward with perjured oaths and they were acquitted. "Yoakum" was hardened into the most inveterate degree of crime, and seemed but to reap enjoyment in purring the most fiendish acts of robbery and murder. It is a most singular instance of the effects of habit. He was a rich and affluent planter, and lived in a sumptuous and most magnificent manner. Kept a splendid equipage owned over a hundred negroes, and large tracts of land had constantly about a hundred breeding males made a yearly sale of about fifteen hundred cattle, and had a large revenue coming in from other sources. There is no doubt but that he was the richest man in Texas. Yet with all this wealth, his disposition to plunder knew no bounds.

The immediate cause of this attack of the citizens arose from an abortive attempt to murder Mr. Carey, of Houston county. He was suspected by Yoakum of having a large sum of money with him, and he determined to murder him while he was in bed, at his house of public entertainment where he was staying. The plan was properly matured during the day, and every thing placed in readiness for its commission. Nothing remained but the darkness of the night. Fortunately, a faithful negro servant of Mr. Carey had heard of the intended murder, and communicated the design to his master in sufficient time to leave him a chance of escape. He managed to do this, and when sufficiently out of the reach of Yoakum made the facts public to the citizens. The people no sooner heard of it than they were satisfied of its truth: an armed corps exceeding one hundred was formed, who resolved to drive the whole gang out of the country, and started upon their awful mission, and soon both parties met. The corps shot Yoakum and one or two of the most desperate ruffians of his gang. They then had his negro bound to trees, and compelled them to unfold the secret acts of their late master. One of them detailed a most horrid catalogue of crime. He stated several murders known to him, that his master had committed. Some of them were once citizens of the country, and their sudden disappearance had always been looked upon with a suspicion of foul play.

Subsequently his residence was examined, and a host of evidences of murder were fully con

firmed. At the bottom of an old well, human skulls were seen, where they had no doubt been

thrown at each fresh murder occurred. Among various other things also, there was a wash found, with a stranger's name in it. This, the negro declared he had seen on the person of a gentleman who had once lodged there all night. The Herald remarks that the rest of the gang have fled, and now ample security and peace exists throughout the county.

Important from Washington.

Rumor comes almost with the assurance of certainty, that the President and his Cabinet have a plan which contemplates a purchase by the General Government of the right of transporting, without further charge, Mail, Ordnance Munitions of War, Stores, &c. &c. on all the Railroads and Canals of the several States, completed or in progress, at a fair and stipulated price per mile, to be paid in bonds of the U. States or in the guarantee and ultimate payment of a part of those already issued by the States themselves. Such an arrangement will effectually obviate all future collision, respecting the carriage of the Mail, and secure to the government the acknowledged benefit of railroads in time of war, without its being in the weak position of a dependent on and chaffier for the right of way over roads which it must use, yet can do so only at the pleasure of States or Companies. On the other hand, such a sum as the facilities offered by these Works to the Government are surely worth would greatly aid the States in their efforts to maintain their pledged faith and complete the formidable and most lucrative enterprises in which they are so deeply embarked. If adopted, its benignant influences will be felt in every department of business and by every great interest of the country.

Cows running at large—Just Complaints of our market People—The Law.

The practice which many of our citizens have adopted of allowing their cows to run at large in our streets in the winter is the cause of great disquietude, and often of serious loss to our farming and other friends who visit our market. If they give their horses or cattle a few quarts of oats or a lock of hay, while they are doing their trading, it often happens that the fodder is devoured by greedy cows, who loaf about the streets, and not content with this, they frequently pry into the load in search of food, and tip over boxes and firkins, and do other injury.

Every man will see at once the propriety of affording the largest accommodations to those who visit our market, and that the kind of annoyance to which we have alluded, is directly opposed to the spirit of accommodation, and of justice.

Complaints have frequently been made on the subject, and the city council sometime since, passed an ordinance, providing "That no person shall suffer his cow to go at large in the streets, or highways of the city, within one mile of Kenduskaug bridge, between the first day of December, and the first day of April, in each year," under a penalty of two dollars.

We understand it is the intention of the Mayor to have this law enforced, and this timely notice to those who are interested, may, if they heed the warning, save them more than the amount of their yearly subscription to our paper.

Discovery of a River.

The corresponding Secretary of the National Institute has received a letter from Consul Moore, dated Trieste, Oct. 7, 1841, in which it is stated that a new river has been discovered in that immediate neighborhood. We make an extract:

"At about nine miles in a direct line to the east of Trieste the small river 'Reca' enters and disappears in the Grotto of St. Cautien. At about eleven miles in a direct line to the northwest of Trieste, and precisely where the Highlands terminate, the river 'Timavo' gushes out from the rocks, is navigable almost to its source, and at the distance of about a quarter of a mile enters the sea."

To convey a more correct idea of this interesting discovery, I have sent you, by the American barque Falimout, John Davis, Jr. master, a case, addressed to the care of Mr. Bidwell, United States despatch agent at New York, containing two lithographic views and plans connected with this river, which, at the spot where it has been discovered, about two and a half miles east-northeast of Trieste, is about nine hundred feet beneath the surface of earth, and is a much larger body of water than the 'Reca', though there is no doubt but that it forms part of the newly discovered river.

Shipwreck and Loss of Life.

We learn from the Boston Mail, that the sch. Charles and Samuel, of Brooklin, from Camden, Me. with a cargo of lime, bound to New York, went ashore a few rods east of Old Field Point, during the snow storm on Monday, the 23d ult. about 3 o'clock, P. M. Wm. Lane, the mate; Harvey Howes, cook; Henry Snow and Samuel Calderwood, passengers, perished on the wreck.

The captain and the remainder of the crew were rescued after being 8 hours on the wreck, by the inhabitants, with great difficulty. The bodies of the unfortunate men were recovered, and placed in charge of the coroner: it is thought the vessel will be a total loss.

Steam-boats owned in St. Louis.

According to the St. Louis Republican, the number of steam-boats owned in that city, is sixty-two, valued at \$558,500, and their first cost at \$37,750. Ten boats are now building for this trade, which will increase the entire tonnage to 12,500 tons, and place St. Louis, we believe, in advance of any town in the Valley of the Mississippi in this department of trade.

The loss by the sinking of steam-boats in this trade, from the 1st of January last, including their cargoes, is estimated at about \$700,000.

Several vessels, with freight, arrived in harbor on Saturday, and discharged their cargoes. The river is still open, and yesterday was a mild bright day.

Persons who have some giving an apprenticeship and wish to make friends, a handsome new yesterdays present, will do well to purchase a beautiful volume entitled *EMINENT MECHANICS*, noticed by us a few weeks since, as coming from Duren's Bookstore. It is really a valuable book and will afford entertainment, encouragement, and instruction to apprentices.

The editor of the York County represents himself as a poor, ragged, half frozen Printer, and declares he means to have his fortune told, to ascertain, if possible, what Fortune has in store for him, in the future.

We wish his subscribers would pay what they owe, and prepare him to enjoy the present.

The editor of the New York penny papers are never at a loss for a subject on which to write from a line to a column, for in the absence of other subjects, they write about each other. We think it best to believe all they say of each other, and put them down as a lot of worthy candidates for "Texas, or the penitentiary."

The pressure in the money market at New York and Boston, is said to be very heavy. In New York, paper and undoubted securities cannot be cashed by the Banks; and in Wall street not less than for two per cent a month.

We tender our thanks to our attentive correspondents for notices of several local matters of interest, during our confinement at home, by the way of health, for the last four or five days.

Will some one have the goodness to loan us, for a day or two, copies of the Christian Mirror, containing the articles upon the settlement of the boundary question.

On Sunday 25th ult., about 4 o'clock, it commenced snowing in Baltimore, and so continued until late in the night. The ground was covered to the depth of about 3 inches.

Philadelphia was visited by a severe snow storm on Sunday night which lasted until Monday afternoon.

No New York papers by this morning's mail.

A singular and painful death last week overtook a lad four years old, son of Mr. Patrick McGinn, of White hall, N. Y. It appears that the boy was in the blacksmith's shop, near the anvil, and one of the workmen, in taking an iron from the fire to the anvil, brought it in contact with the child's neck, which completely severed the main artery. He expired in about an hour after the accident, in the most excruciating pain.

The St. John News states that the merchants of that city have already commenced clearing away the rubbish of the "burnt district," for the purpose of going at business again. A number of temporary buildings will be erected for the winter, if it is now too late in the season to think of laying foundations for permanent edifices.

The greatest exploit of travel ever made on this side of the Atlantic, or the other either, so far as we know, was performed by Mr. Claton, the celebrated aeronaut. He started from Cincinnati with his balloon, and travelled thence to the Alleghany mountains, a distance of three hundred and fifty miles, in nine and a half hours.

Later from Florida.

The Norfolk Herald has received advices from Indian Key to the 12th ult., announcing the sailing of the "great" expedition, through the everglades. The schooners at Indian Key were to join on the 15th, at Fort Dallas. Dr. E. McKinley, of the schooner Otsego, had died of congestive fever.

The Knoxville Post says, that a postmaster in Illinois, entertaining a dislike to the trouble of keeping accounts according to the rules of the post office, adopted the summary mode of transmitting to the department the money received in a blank envelope, with the endorsement upon the back: "Send me what you think is my pay."

The United States have paid Great Britain, within a few years, 70,000,000 for iron manufactures. Is not this fact sufficient to arouse our countrymen to the importance of working our own superior and superabundant iron? How long shall this ruinous policy be pursued?

CODONORE STEWART, by virtue of his new appointment, will forthwith proceed to hoist his broad pennant on board the frigate Independence, which is ordered to be the flag ship of the Home Squadron. Let's give him a reception worthy of his deeds of valor and noble character.

We published a statement a few days since from the Providence Journal, that Elder Knapp had been sued for slander uttered in the pulpit. We understand that the suit has been, since withdrawn.

It is rumored that Mr. Stevenson, late from London, is to be supported by the Locos, as Governor of Virginia at the next election, as a preparatory step to a nomination for the Vice Presidency, with Mr. Van Buren for President.

The Richmond Enquirer says that Mr. Stevenson, our late Minister to England, is decidedly of opinion that the intentions of the British Government towards the United States, are pacific.

The rumor that Mr. Clay, of Kentucky, is about to resign his seat in the Senate, is unequivocally contradicted by the Lexington Intelligencer.

Some people always have a but which they put in the way of every thing. Enquiring of such a one the character of his neighbor, he replied,

"Why, he's a poxy fair, clever sort of a feller but he's fit."

"But what?"

"Why he feeds his darnd old horse on pumpkins."

"Pete, how does your father happen his sheep to prevent their jumping over the fences?"

"O that's easy enough; he just cuts a hole through one hind leg, and sticks the other one through it; and then puts one of the fore-legs through that, for a pin."

"I must change my quarters," as the counterfeiter of 25 cent pieces said when the police were after him.

Origin of the Thanksgiving festival.

The New England custom of setting apart a day in the autumn of each year for Thanksgiving, we knew was an ancient one, but until we saw in the New Bedford Mercury the following extract from Mather's "Magnalia," we did not know how the custom originated; many of our readers we doubt not, are as ignorant as we were until enlightened by the historian.

In one of the first summers after their sitting down at Plymouth, a terrible *Draught* threatened the Ruin of all their summer's *husbandry*. From about the middle of May to the middle of July, an extreme hot Sun beat upon the Fields without any Rain, so that all the Cows began to Wither and Languish, and some of it was irrecoverably parched up. In this distress they set apart a Day of Fasting and Prayer; in the Morning of which Day there was no sign of any Rain, but before the Evening the Sky was overcast with Clouds, which went not away without such ease, gentle, and yet plentiful Showers as revived a great part of their decayed Corn for a comfortable harvest.... "The Harvest which God thus gave to this poor People, caused them to set apart another Day for thanksgiving to the glorious Giver of Prayers."

One and after December 6, 1841.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

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HUMAN HAIR. CLEANLINESS OF THE HEAD AND HAIR.

STRANGE it is that persons who attend strictly to personal cleanliness, baths, &c should neglect the Head the Har the most essential the most exposed and the most beautiful when properly cared for of all the gifts of the Creator. Perfectly free may be kept of dandruff or scurf with a certainty that the hair cannot fall out, by the use of the Balm of Columbia. Ladies will you make your toilet without this article? I answer fearlessly, No, if you have ever tried and experienced its purifying effects as sweet perfume.

A hundred articles have been put forth on the credit of that the only first the only really valuable article. A mass of testimony from all classes to these facts.

LOOK OUT! Counterfeits are abroad, look always for the name of COMSTOCK & CO on the splendid wrappers, and never buy it without that name.

[From the Boston Chronicle, Jan 10]

We see by an advertisement in another column that Messrs Comstock & Co, the Agents for Oldridge's Balm of Columbia, have depots to sell that article in Boston and elsewhere. We know a list of this city whose hair was so nearly gone as to expose entirely her phenominal development which considering that they betokened in most amiable disposition, was not in reality very unfortunate. Nevertheless she insured the loss of locks that she had worn, and, after a year's fruitless resort to miscalled restoratives purchased, some months ago, a bottle or two of Oldridge's Balm and she has now a full, smooth, glossy, and of raven blackness. We are not puffing—none of the commodity has been sent to us, and, indeed, we do not want any, for though we were obliged to wear a wig a year ago, we have now, through its virtue, hair enough, and of a passable quality, of our own.

Daring Fraud.

The Balm of Columbia has been imitated by a notorious counterfeiter. Let it never be purchased or used unless it have the signature of COMSTOCK & Co on a splendid wrapper. This is the only external test that will secure the public from deception.

Address COMSTOCK & Co, Wholesale Druggists New York 71 Maiden Lane

For sale by G W LADD, corner of Smith's Block, and A P GUILD Exchange Street, Bangor Oct 29 d3taw&ly

CONSUMPTION AND LIVER COMPLAINT.

BALM OF LIVERWORT

DR TAYLOR'S BALM OF LIVERWORT has been used successfully for eight years in the Cure of these Diseases. If you remember the ring and genuine is made only at 375 Bowery, New York ALL others are spurious and unauthorized.

CONSUMPTION & LIVER COMPLAINT

As a general remedy for these diseases I am fully satisfied from long experience, there is no medicine equal to Dr Taylor's Balm of Liverwort. Being purely vegetable it can be used with the utmost safety by all persons in every condition. It cures the lungs by expectation removes difficult breathing and heals the chest. There ran no question but this same home is a certain cure for chronic coughs and colds. I have used it for four years in my practice and always with success.

A P RODGERS M D

SPOTTING OF BLOOD. This disease

consists of a discharge of blood, often faintly, from the mouth brought up with walking and coughing, and is usually accompanied with difficulty of breathing and some pain in the chest. Sometimes it is preceded by an oppression at the chest, a dry retching cough and slight shooting pains. This disease is always more or less dangerous. The great danger is that these symptoms may terminate in consumption and immediate remedies can alone save this end. But Dr Taylor's Balm of Liverwort is a sure remedy, and to show its unparalleled success certificates of cures from 45 citizens, and many physicians, will be published in a few days.

NERVOUS DISEASES AND WEAKNESS

DR TAYLOR'S BALM OF LIVERWORT made at 375 Bowery is assuredly an excellent remedy for these diseases. My wife has been more or less ill for ten years. She was extremely nervous and at times so weak that she could not attend to her domestic duties. By the use of this medicine her strength wholly restored and she is as healthy as I can wish her to be. My address is at Dr Taylor's office.

CURE OF CONSUMPTION

Mrs Martin a worthy member of my congregation was taken ill some time since with a cold pain in the breast and some difficulty of breathing and in a few days thereafter she had a violent cough and violent pain in the sides which no medicine would relieve. She continued in this way for a long time under the ministrations of Dr Rea but finally became consumptive and was evidently near the end of her earthly sufferings when her brother persuaded her to try Dr Taylor's Balm of Liverwort. When she commenced this medicine it did not seem to agree with her for few days but by lessening the dose she found it answered admirably. It relieved her cough and her difficulty of breathing instantly, and we had the pleasure of witnessing her rapid recovery to health.

Rev WM SMYTHE

For sale at G W LADD'S wholesale and retail Druggists, corner of Smith's Block June 21 221w3taw 6m

Dr. SEARS' Universal Sanguinarian, OR BLOOD-ROOT PILLS.

THESE truly Vegetable Pills are eminently useful in all cases where Physic is required.

They operate more effectually upon the LIVER and BILINARY DUCTS than any ever before offered to the public. They consequently set the bile which is the natural Phisic of the system at liberty, thus removing costiveness curing Dyspepsia Liver complaint Indigestion Dropsy and all other diseases which depend on an impure state of the BLOOD.

In point of Economy as well as efficacy these Pills are without rival as the price for a Box of thirty Pills is only twenty five cents. They are warranted to be composed of the very best materials. For instructions of doses and further particulars, see Bill of directions, which accompany each Box.

All persons who sell the genuine article will be furnished with a Certificate of Agency signed by the Proprietor in his own hand writing.

All orders promptly attended to by BLASDEL & THURSTON East Thomaston

AGENTS FOR THE ABOVE MEDICINE

Bangor G W LADD G W HODDISON WHITMER & GUILD, and SMITH & FENNO

Hermon S Brown

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Frankfort J B Clark

Exeter W W French B B Brown & H Hill

Thendrone J Harmon

Newburg J Knowlton

Bradford G Davis

Plymouth C I Whitney

Corona S S Fife

Brewer Dr A Johnson

Foxcroft M Stebbins

Atkinson E E Hammond

Corinth J P Ever

Garland N B Burnell

Charleston Dougherty & Dearborn

Dover Manly Farnes

Sebec Joseph Bradford

Brownville Jenks Brown & Co

Levant D D Vaughan

Sold by the country traders generally

August 3 40w&3taw

BUCK WHEAT FLOUR.

PACKAGES of Buck Wheat Flour for sale by W A BLAKE

100 Bangor, Nov 19, 1841. w3taw

W A CHEEVER

WANTED

200 Lb CEDAR suitable for Shingles to be delivered at Mill Creek, Orrington, within four weeks, for which a fair price will be paid by the subscriber, at Mill Creek.

Nov 3 d3taw W A CHEEVER

A H BRIGGS,

Attorney at Law,
CARMEL, ME

Oct 3 3m

PURE SPARK OIL.

600 GALS. Bleached Winter OIL, a splendid article for glass Lamps

300 Gals. Fall Spark Oil

600 Gals. Bleached Winter Whale Oil

For sale by A P GUILD, Druggist, Oct 30 Exchange Street

CRANBERRIES.

25 BARRELS of first quality Cranberries, just received by G W LADD

Double the quantity and better quality than any other for the same Price!! Remember this.

LIVER COMPLAINTS, AND ALL SICKNESS & DISEASES.

DR LIN S.

Temperance Life-Bitters, AND CHINESE BLOOD PILLS

The Greatest Secret Discovered!

PURGE purge has been the cry for the last few years. This has been effectually tried, and yet sufferers have multiplied and died, and why? Not because purging was not necessary, but too much has been done without the tonic to follow, and sustain the system. Purge you must. The sickly humors of the blood must be carried off, or the accumulation of them prevented. Prevent, then the growth of such humors.

Why do the Chinese live to such immense ages and still retain the powers of youth or middle age?

Because they purify the blood. The Chinese Blood

Pills so called because they work upon and cleanse

the blood, are the standard remedy. These Pills

will do it, and the Temperance Bitters, taken as

directed, will strengthen the system and prevent the

accumulation of the base humors which infest the

blood, and which only increase by purges unless the

Bitters are taken after. Buy, then, these Pills and

Bitters. Take weekly the Pills and daily the Bitter,

and if you are or have been invalids for days,

weeks, months, or years, you will find the sickly hu-

mors drawn off, and prevented from a return and the

yellow yellow hue of sickness change rapidly to the

full blooming glow of health and youthful buoy-

ancy.

There are cases so numerous of these brilliant ef-

fects, that time and space forbid an attempt to put

them down. Buy and use these medicines, and see

no other, and health and strength shall be yours. See

wrapper and directions that come with them.

FRAUDULENT COUNTERFEITS

will be attempted. Buy no remedy of the kind un-

less it have my name O C LIN, M D on the

label, and also the notice as follows:

Entered according to Act of Congress, A D 1841, by THOS CONNELL in the Clerk's Office of the

District Court of the United States for the Southern

District of New York.

Warranted the only genuine

Messrs COMSTOCK & CO, New York, are the

sole wholesale Agents for the United States and all

neighboring countries

DOCTOR O C LIN

For sale in Bangor by G W LADD, corner of

Smith's Block, and by A P GUILD, Exchange

street

TO THE OLD AND YOUNG, BO! Ye Red Heads & Grey!

PHAQOMERIN IN CHEMISTRY

East India Hair Dye.

Colors the Hair and will not the Skin!!

THIS Dye is in form of Powder which plain

matter of fact may be applied to the Hair ev-

ery night, the first night turning the lightest red or

grey hair to a dark brown, and by repeating a second

or third night, to a bright jet black. Any person

may therefore, with the least possible trouble, keep

his hair any dark shade or a perfect black; with a

positive assurance that the powder, if applied to the

skin will not color it. There is no trouble in remov-

ing it from the hair, as in all 7 or 8 days before made.

By an occasional application, a person turning grey

will never be known to have a grey hair. Directions

in this statement, as one can easily test.

These facts are warranted by the gentleman who

manufactures it, who is the celebrated chemist, Dr

Comstock, author of Comstock's Chemistry, Physio-

logy, and many other well known and widely cele-

brated by the public.

This Dye is sold by COMSTOCK & CO, 71

Maiden Lane New York

For sale in Bangor by G W LADD, corner of

Smith's Block and by A P GUILD Exchange

street d3taw&w3dwly

New READING BOOK for Schools.

THE MONITORIAL READER, or a Monitor to

Youth, holding up to their view Models whereby

to form their own Characters. By DANIEL

ADAMS, Author of Adams's New Arithmetic

EXTRACTS FROM THE PREFACE

THE MONITORIAL READER possesses dis-

tinguished traits. The object is to supply what is be-

lieved to be the great desideratum in our school,

a series of exercises relating to what concerns the